

**PART I : CHEMISTRY****SECTION 1 (MAXIMUM MARKS: 24)**

- This section contains **EIGHT (08)** questions.
- The answer to each question is a **SINGLE DIGIT INTEGER ranging from 0 TO 9, BOTH INCLUSIVE**.
- For each question, enter the correct integer corresponding to the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:
Full Marks : +3 If **ONLY** the correct integer is entered;
Zero Marks : 0 If the question is unanswered;
Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases.

1. Concentration of H_2SO_4 and Na_2SO_4 in a solution is 1 M and 1.8×10^{-2} M, respectively. Molar solubility of PbSO_4 in the same solution is $X \times 10^{-Y}$ M (expressed in scientific notation). The value of Y is _____.

[Given: Solubility product of PbSO_4 (K_{sp}) = 1.6×10^{-8} . For H_2SO_4 , K_{a1} is very large and $K_{a2} = 1.2 \times 10^{-2}$]

Ans. (6)

2. An aqueous solution is prepared by dissolving 0.1 mol of an ionic salt in 1.8 kg of water at 35 °C. The salt remains 90% dissociated in the solution. The vapour pressure of the solution is 59.724 mm of Hg. Vapor pressure of water at 35 °C is 60.000 mm of Hg. The number of ions present per formula unit of the ionic salt is _____.

Ans. (5)

3. Consider the strong electrolytes Z_mX_n , U_mY_p and V_mX_n . Limiting molar conductivity (Λ^0) of U_mY_p and V_mX_n are 250 and 440 $\text{S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$, respectively. The value of $(m + n + p)$ is _____.

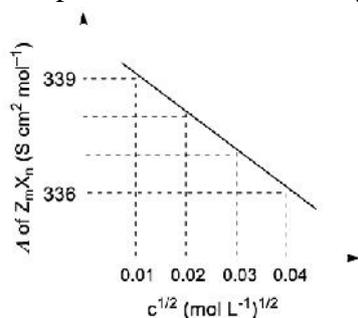
Given:

Ion	Z^{n+}	U^{p+}	V^{n+}	X^{m-}	Y^{m-}
λ^0 ($\text{S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$)	50.0	25.0	100.0	80.0	100.0

λ^0 is the limiting molar conductivity of ions



The plot of molar conductivity (Λ) of Z_mX_n vs $c^{1/2}$ is given below.



Ans. (7)

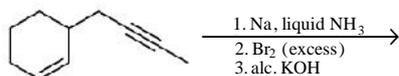
4. The reaction of Xe and O_2F_2 gives a Xe compound **P**. The number of moles of HF produced by the complete hydrolysis of 1 mol of **P** is _____.

Ans. (6)

5. Thermal decomposition of $AgNO_3$ produces two paramagnetic gases. The total number of electrons present in the antibonding molecular orbitals of the gas that has the higher number of unpaired electrons is _____.

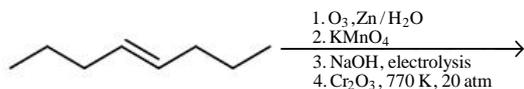
Ans. (6)

6. The number of isomeric tetraenes (**NOT** containing sp-hybridized carbon atoms) that can be formed from the following reaction sequence is _____.



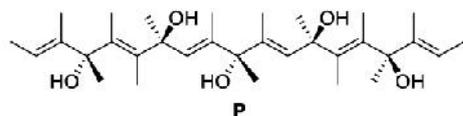
Ans. (2)

7. The number of $-CH_2-$ (methylene) groups in the product formed from the following reaction sequence is _____.



Ans. (0)

8. The total number of chiral molecules formed from one molecule of **P** on complete ozonolysis ($O_3, Zn / H_2O$) is _____.



Ans. (2)

**SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks : 32)**

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options (A), (B), (C) and (D). **ONLY ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four options(s) is(are) correct.
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:
 - Full Marks : +4 **ONLY** if (all) the correct option(s) is(are) chosen;
 - Partial Marks : +3 If all the four options are correct but **ONLY** three options are chosen;
 - Partial Marks : +3 If three or more options are correct but **ONLY** two options are chosen, both of which are correct;
 - Partial Marks : +1 If two or more options are correct but **ONLY** one option is chosen and it is a correct option;
 - Zero Marks : 0 in unanswerred;
 - Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases.

9. To check the principle of multiple proportions, a series of pure binary compounds (P_mQ_n) were analyzed and their composition is tabulated below. The correct option(s) is (are)

Compound	Weight % of P	Weight % of Q
1	50	50
2	44.4	55.6
3	40	60

- (A) If empirical formula of compound 3 is P_3Q_4 , then the empirical formula of compound 2 is P_3Q_5
- (B) If empirical formula of compound 3 is P_3Q_2 and atomic weight of element P is 20, then the atomic weight of Q is 45.
- (C) If empirical formula of compound 2 is PQ, then the empirical formula of the compound 1 is P_5Q_4 .
- (D) If atomic weight of P and Q are 70 and 35, respectively, then the empirical formula of compound 1 is P_2Q .

Ans. (B, C)



10. The correct option(s) about entropy (S) is(are)
[R = gas constant, F = Faraday constant, T = Temperature]
- (A) For the reaction, $M(s) + 2H^+(aq) \rightarrow H_2(g) + M^{2+}(aq)$, if $\frac{dE_{\text{cell}}}{dT} = \frac{R}{F}$, then the entropy change of the reaction is R (assume that entropy and internal energy changes are temperature independent).
- (B) The cell reaction, $Pt(s) | H_2(g, 1\text{bar}) | H^+(aq, 0.01M) || H^+(aq, 0.1M) | H_2(g, 1\text{bar}) | Pt(s)$, is an entropy driven process.
- (C) For racemization of an optically active compound, $\Delta S > 0$.
- (D) $\Delta S > 0$, for $[Ni(H_2O)_6]^{2+} + 3en \rightarrow [Ni(en)_3]^{2+} + 6H_2O$ (where en = ethylenediamine).

Ans. (B, C)

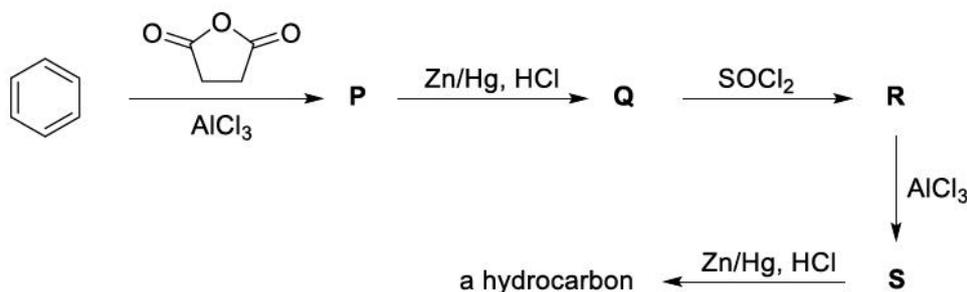
11. The compounds(s) which react(s) with NH_3 to give boron nitride (BN) is (are)
- (A) B (B) B_2H_6 (C) B_2O_3 (D) BF_3

Ans. (B, C)

12. The correct option(s) related to the extraction of iron from its ore in the blast furnace operating in the temperature range 900 – 1500 K is(are)
- (A) Limestone is used to remove silicate impurity
- (B) Pig iron obtained from blast furnace contains about 4% carbon.
- (C) Coke (C) converts CO_2 to CO.
- (D) Exhaust gases consist of NO_2 and CO.

Ans. (A, B, C)

13. Considering the following reaction sequence, the correct statement(s) is(are)



- (A) Compounds P and Q are carboxylic acids
- (B) Compound S decolorizes bromine water
- (C) Compounds P and S react with hydroxylamine to give the corresponding oximes
- (D) Compound R reacts with dialkylcadmium to give the corresponding tertiary alcohol

Ans. (A, C)



14. Among the following, the correct statement(s) about polymers is(are)
- (A) The polymerization of chloroprene gives natural rubber
(B) Teflon is prepared from tetrafluoroethene by heating it with persulphate catalyst at high pressures
(C) PVC are thermoplastic polymers
(D) Ethene at 350-570 K temperature and 1000-2000 atm pressure in the presence of a peroxide initiator yields high density polythene
- Ans. (B, C)

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks : 15)

- This section contains **FOUR (04)** questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options (A), (B), (C) and (D). **ONLY ONE** of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:

Full Marks	:	+3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;
Full Marks	:	0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);
Zero Marks	:	-1 In all other cases.

15. Atom X occupies the fcc lattice sites as well as alternate tetrahedral voids of the same lattice. The packing efficiency (in %) of the resultant solid is closest to
- (A) 25 (B) 35 (C) 55 (D) 75

Ans. (B)

16. The reaction of HClO_3 with HCl gives a paramagnetic gas, which upon reaction with O_3 produces
- (A) Cl_2O (B) ClO_2 (C) Cl_2O_6 (D) Cl_2O_7

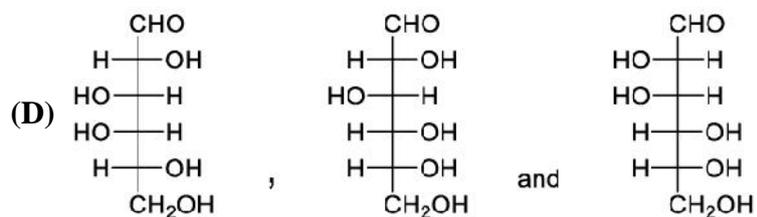
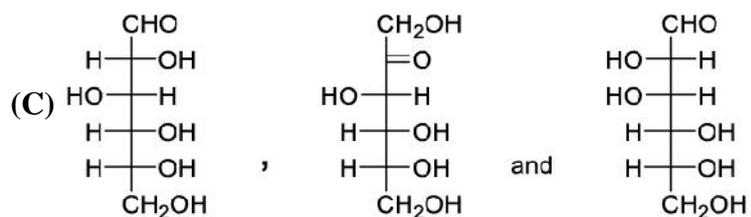
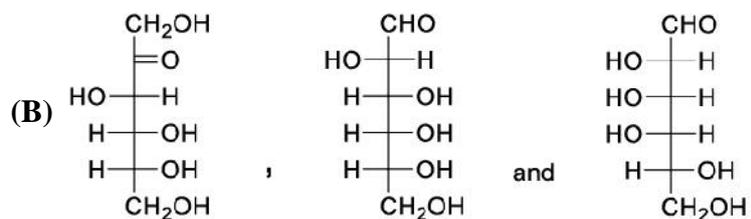
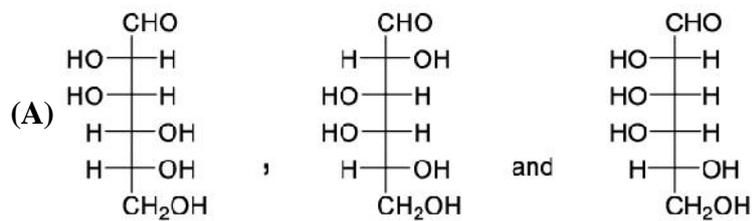
Ans. (C)

17. The reaction of $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and NaCl in water produces a precipitate that dissolves upon the addition of HCl of appropriate concentration. The dissolution of the precipitate is due to the formation of
- (A) PbCl_2 (B) PbCl_4 (C) $[\text{PbCl}_4]^{2-}$ (D) $[\text{PbCl}_6]^{2-}$

Ans. (C)



18. Treatment of D-glucose with aqueous NaOH results in a mixture of monosaccharides, which are



Ans. (C)